

All data taken at Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL)

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**SAMPLE CONDITIONS & PHYSICAL PROPERTIES**

Chemical name	Warfarin
Chemical formula	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
Synonyms	4-Hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)coumarin; Coumafene
CAS number	81-81-2
Location of field sample	n/a
History of sample	n/a
Molecular Weight	308.33 g/mole
Melting Point	162-164 °C
Boiling Point	n/a
Density (25 °C)	1.23 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Hardness, Mohs scale	n/a
Crystallography:	
Cell dimension	a = Å b = Å c = Å
Crystal system	
H-M symbol (point gr)	
Space group	
H-M symbol (space gr)	
Crystal habit	
Color	Creamy-white
Diaphaneity	Opaque
Particle size	20 ± 18 µm
Particle size assessment	Optical microscopy
Supplier	Fluka
Stated purity	Analytical standard
Date packed	11 February 2016                      Weight: 1.007 grams
Synthesis method	n/a
Synthesis reference	n/a
Texture	Fluffy powder; needle-like crystals that clump together
Physical state	Crystalline solid
Surface roughness	n/a
Elemental composition	n/a
Isotopic composition	n/a
Moisture content	n/a
Temperature of sample	25 ± 2 °C
Substrate	n/a

## INSTRUMENT PARAMETERS

### Tensor 37 FT-IR manufactured by Bruker Optics

External diffuse reflectance accessory	A 562-G integrating sphere
Sphere diameter	75 mm
Angle to normal incidence	14.8°
Sphere opening diameter	19 mm (entrance port)
Spectral range	7,500 to 600 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ saved; 7500 to 600 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ reported
Beamsplitter	Ge on KBr
Detector (dia. Det. Port in sphere)	2×2 mm, 60° field of view MCT (550; 0.9); 1 cm
Apodization function	Blackman-Harris 3-term
Aperture	6 mm
Coadded scans	2048
Scanner speed	40 kHz
Switch gain on	512 points
Low pass filter	Open
Scan technique	double-sided, forward-backward
Non-linear correction	On
High and low folding limit	15800.54-0.00 $\text{cm}^{-1}$
Phase resolution	32.00
Phase correction mode	Mertz
Zerofilling	4×
Wavenumber accuracy	$\pm 0.4 \text{ cm}^{-1}$
Spectral resolution	4 $\text{cm}^{-1}$
Accuracy verification	10/28/2015
Wavelength vetted on:	ICL polystyrene standard #0009-7394-0025A, thin film
Reflectance:	$\pm 2\%$ using SRS reflectance standards 50-010-DH27B-4878



Figure 1: The Bruker 562-G integrating sphere (a) and Tensor 37 (b)

## Photographs of sample Warfarin



Figure 2: Warfarin in Fluka container.



Figure 3: Warfarin sample loaded in IR sample cup.

## PARTICLE SIZE PREPARATION AND CHARACTERIZATION

### Optical microscopy —

A Keyence VHX-1000 digital microscope with 16-bit resolution is used to provide photomicrographs of the various samples and particle sizes. Software included with the microscope differentiates the brightness and colors in the image and extracts the bright objects to produce a binary image. The software assumes all adjacent bright points are part of the same object then calculates the area for each of these objects. The area (A) is used to calculate the mean particle diameter (d) by assuming the particles are spherical and using the relationship  $d = \sqrt{4A/\pi}$ . Although the assumption of spherical particles is clearly not always valid, this procedure provides a reasonable estimate of the mean particle size.

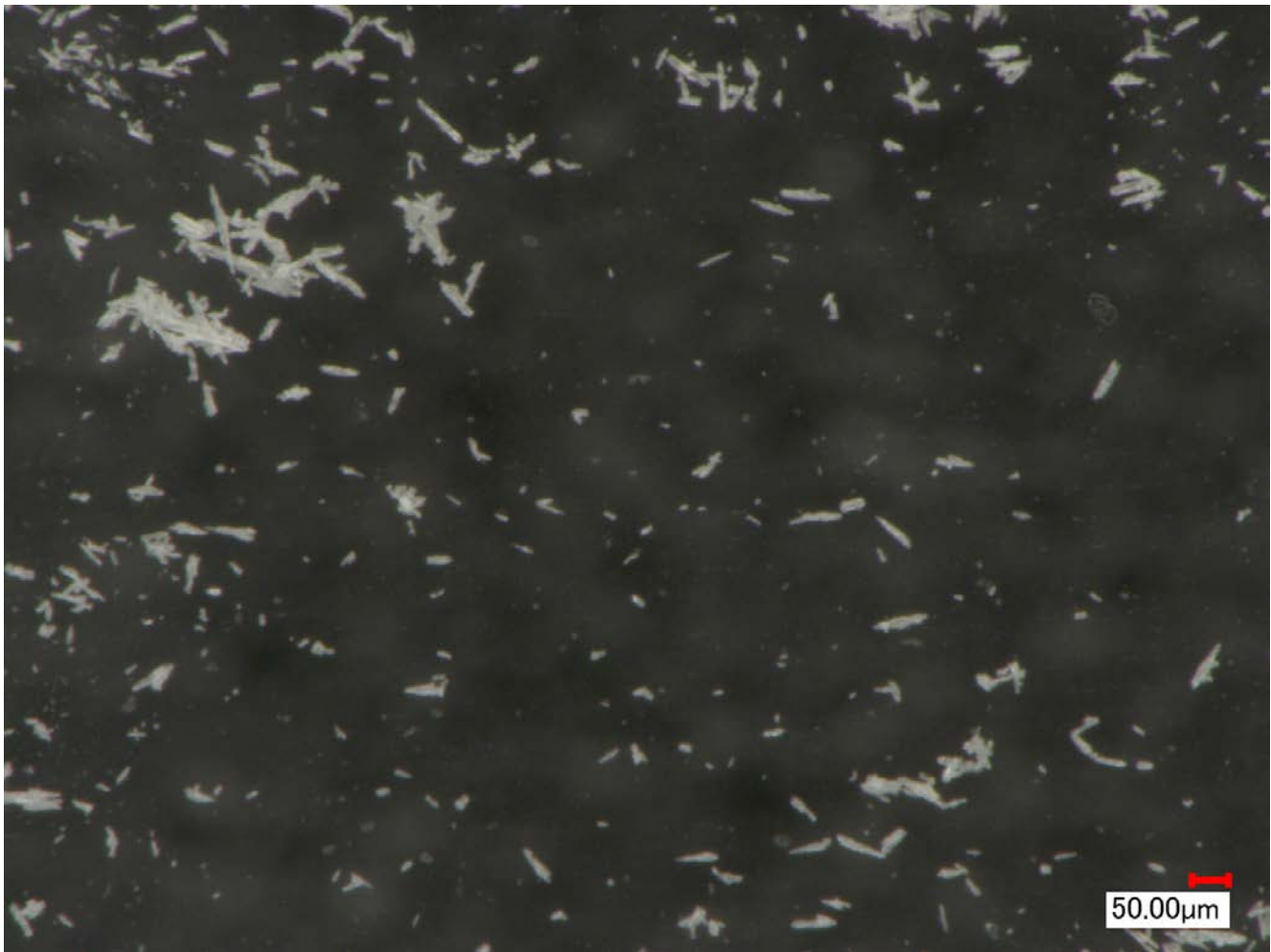


Figure 4: Photomicrograph of Warfarin.

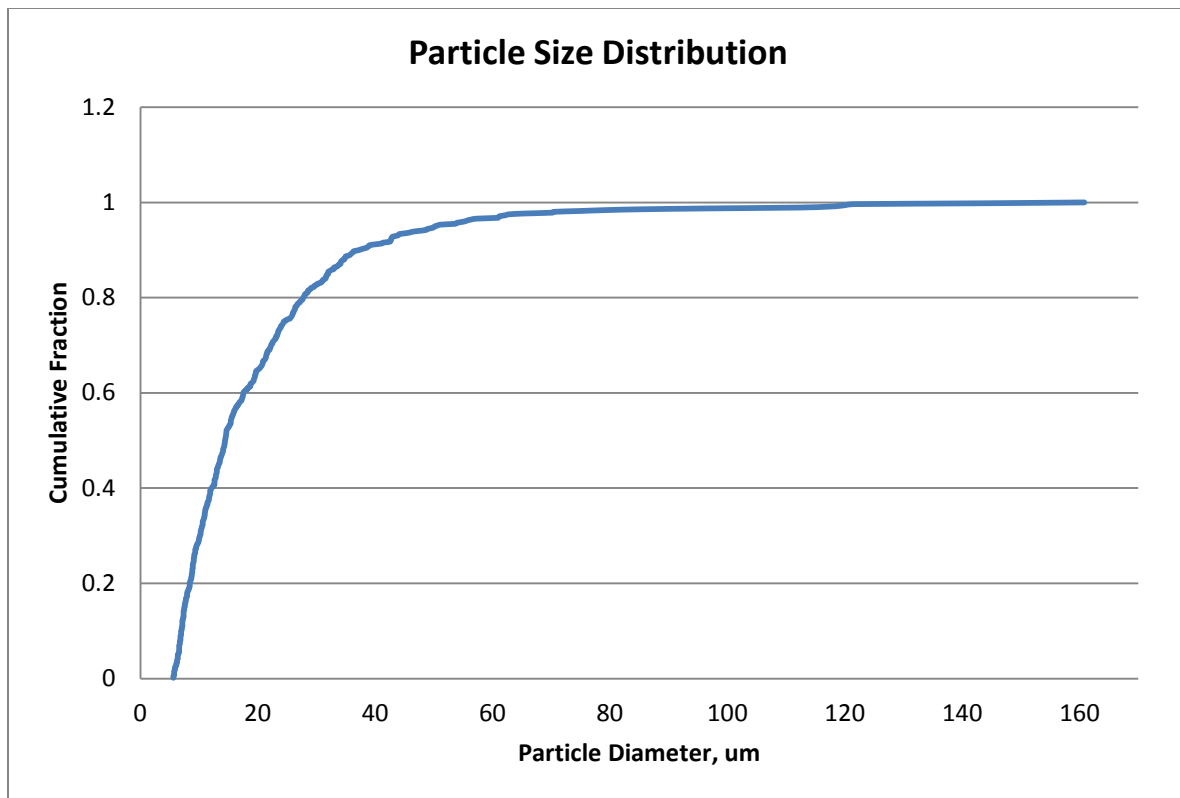


Figure 5: Particle size distribution of Warfarin.